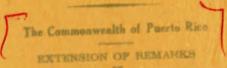
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alien and the Government. It will siglieve the alien from the hardship resulting from leaving and reentering the United States. It will also greatly simplify the administration of the law.



HON. A. FERNÖS-ISERN

SENIDENT COMMISSIONER FROM POINTO RICO IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, July 25, 1955

Mr. FERNÓS-ISERN, Mr. Speaker, with justified pride, I address myself on this occasion to the House of Reprisentatives of the United States. years ago, on the 25th of July of 1952. the flag of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico was raised for the first time, on the occasion of the inauguration of the new regime which had begun for the people of Puerto Rico. For the first time in their history, they were living under constitution of their own adoption. Thus the people of Paerto Rice had organized themselves, as a free, self-coverning body politic, with sovereign powers in all matters not reserved, under the terms of a solemn compact, to the Government of the United States.

The people of Puerto Rico became then citizens of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, but that did not alter the fact that they were and continued to be, loyal citizens of the United States.

The relationships between the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Pederal Government albeit parallel are not equal to those of a State of the Union vis-a-vis the Federal Government, but the significance for the people of Puerto Rico of the creation of the Gommonwealth was the same as for the people of an incorporated Territory who attain the dignity of statehood.

The creation of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico was the culturnation of a series of events which evolved during the span of half a century and which began early in the century with the recognition of the existence of unincorporated Territories within the United States political system; areas and peoples who are subject to the sovereignty of the United States, but who, according to decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, "constitutionally are not an integral part of the United States."

A projection, parallel to that of incorporated Territories toward statchood, was then marked for the unincorporated areas. It has led the peoples of those areas into a status of association, by mutual consent, with full enjoyment of self-government and without loss of common citizenship, common defense, and common protection.

As history teaches us, seed of lohire events lies buried and unrecognized in past events. Looking now in the perspective of half a century, considering the geographical location of Fuerto Rico, its demographic and cultural origin, the smallness of its scorgraphical limits, the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD 84th. Congress, 1st. Sess. House - p.11442

sural mass call the high allow press its people is is seen how. If the formula, a ring point of that Supreme Court drcision, all these incluse completed and led, by aradual steps, inexorably, cowards a formula which would give the people of Paerte Rico the dignity of freedom they craved together with the security, which they needed if they were to exist, and could not have in "solution"

and could not have in isolation And so, after 50 years of what might be called the fermentation of thinking and the distillation of ideas, there evalued in the minds of the people of Puerto Rico the happy solution within which they could attain the status of political dignity to shigh they fould aspire without the sacrifice of their security and prosperity. Thus, with the overwheltaing support

Thus, with the overwhething surport of the people of Puerto Rica and with the cordial cooptration of the Covernment of the United States, the Outmonwealth of Puerto Rico was born 3 years ago.

I shall elemally be thankful link it devolved upon me to bring the expression of the aspirations of the people of Puerto Rico before the consideration of Congress when I introduced H. R. 7674, on March 13, 1950, which became Public Law 600 of the Elst Congress, establishing the compact and authorizing the crestion of the Commonwealth.

I shall be thankful again tire: I Mad the honor to preside over the Constitutional Convention of Puerto Rico from September 1951 to Petruary' 1953 and that again I was privileged to introduce the joint resolution which became Publie Law 447 of the \$2d Congress, ratifying the Constitution of Puerto Rico.

I shall live eternally thankful to the Congress that both in 1956 and in 1952, almost unatimously adopted both pieces of legislation.

My legislative intics have not slinwed me to be in Puerto Rico foday, to participate with my people in the enjoyment they feel, mindful of the fact that on the very same date that we chebrate the auniversary we also celebrate the annversary of the landing of United States troops in Puerto Rico an event which took place on the 28th of July of 1898, under the command of Gen Nelson A. Miles. That was the beginning of the association of the possie of Fuerto Rico with their follow citizens of the United States.

But the Jort that I cannot be today in Puerto Raco, is annih compensated for by the fact that I can be here today with iny colleagues of the House, to whom I am so deeply indepted for their spirit of generosity, fairness, and kundness toward the people of Pturto 2000.

I have had the honor of speaking, in the name of the United Status, before the corresponding committees of the United Nations, when the status of Puerto Rico was there considered. As an alternate felegate of the United States, I presented there the reasons why the United States was justified in commit to report to the United in Stations on Puerto Rico, as provided under the charter for dependent areas, since Poerto Rico had ceased to be a dependent **Sec**.

The Market and the provide the states of the theorem in the states and the subject, the understanding and the applatus for the limited States and for Puerto Rice from the majority of the peoples there represented. The majority of the peoples at the New World, who speak the same indrukes as the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and who have with the people of Puerto Rice and bentative - expectative did they express their deep satisfaction with the action with the action of the details.

The July 25

their deep sausfactors with the action taken by the United States. Our wood ontablers of the Borth American Continent, of the Caribbean islands of Central America with few exceptions, all hearthy supported the United States in its decision. The praise I heard for the United States and for what the United States had done for Pheric Bico, made me proud to be a citisen of the United States, and proud that the United States received those expressions at applause and fust recognition on the occasion of having done justice to During Rico.

The association of the people of Pacrts Rice and the people of the United States is based now us a compact, on legal documents as it should be. But it has much more solid and much deeper basis. It is based on common relationships, on common history, on cotamon devotion to common principles.

The blood of Puerte Rico's youth dowed is Koren for the same principle and under the same colors as the blood of the other youth from the 48 States which form this Nation. To the credit of Puerto Rico, by far a very large number of those young men who there bled and died, did not go there because they were called to duty under provisions of haw, but because they volunteered of their own accord to do their duty.

Mr Speaker, let me express my choushi that the existence and developmeni of the Commonwealth of Pierto Rice is a credit to the people of Pierto-Rice and it is a credit to the people of the United Blates. Let me express my faith in the principles that have united us so firmity. Let me express my certainity that the association of the reciple of Fuerto Rico to car mainland fellow culterns shall remain forever as firm as is is to be

Farmers' Home Administration Makes Progress in Assisting Family-Type Farmers

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

HON, WILLIAM S. HILL

OF COLUMNS IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, July 25, 1985

Mr. HILL. Mr. Speaker, about a year age I took occasion to call your attention to an agency in the United States Deparament of Agriculture, the Parmers' Homs Administration, where some remarkable improvements have been made under the Eisenbower administration.

wa Committee on Approximitions tink year and said to part as follows:

New Jarney in ... I the lifebicker, not only if its one less but of the Elaste. Theories the fit ow Jerony is the static more furners factuation Blate or the Window and Systemical State its record and r

Mr. Speaker, I am appending an edi-torial appearing recently in the Ocear City Sentinel-Ledger Ocean City N J

As the gory possillat was supposed of have of, it was a track light him but I was " into about the way it seemed when work as from Congressman T. Million Have he is week final the Blouse Committee in propriations bus approved sunds totaling the state of the second state.

d) participation, whethington. After with a second at the Washington. After with a second that is first 29th Congress converted that is driver Variate initial to same Perform is that was as far as inweak. O'modifie wint and providing for morely of pace turned out to be two different things of a will 1954 that the Wid Conserve and to the path after of pre-

Now, oncouting to Reportership Hawa, the moments of finites per up of all omorphy will burnering a short of public works role, and is as bricken to inve excession that is a bricken to inve excession

sould be condition a under wordt it would would be appro-

Commonwealth of Puerto Rice Celebrates

HON JOHN J. ROONEY

Monday, July 15 1955 M. ROONEY. Mr. Spearer the Com-monwealth of Poerio Rico today cele-brates hattind brinklay. It is insportant that we make note of Oos most signifi-

has been a followate solution to the publical problems of the Zuerto Rican phoble and they now enjoy interrupt in-Separatener. We stank be pleased that repeated we are a plant of the we authorized the organization of the Commonwealth of Prerio Eleo Lost we acrea to its conscilution and that the propio of Puerto Rice have willingly assumed their responsibilities.

to account i but the high honor to be appointed by Speaker Haveous as chairappointed by Speaker Haveous as chair-man of the Commutes of the Winde Forase on the State of the Union when the recontinue-House Joint Resolution 430—sphering the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Fueric Eleo was fa-yorably educationed by this House of Neuroscience, One of my treasured possessions is the savel possented to me by Speaker Haveous and used at the time of passage of this bastorics, beside Join State achieves, for memory-calibrations, State achieves, the result as the save do July 13, 1962; the people of Puerto File, have made remarkable progress and have forged alles I industrially, educa-tionally, and a monitoritarily. They now

my good friend the distinguished Resitent Commissioner of Pacrio Rico, De ANTONIO FERNÓS-ISFRE, whose interest here in Washington has always been to maintain amicable association, and undesstanding between the people of Puerto Ricc and the United States.

Submarine "Seawolf"

EXTENSION OF REMARKS.

HON, W. STERLING COLE OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, July 25, 1955

Mr. COLE. Mr. Speaker, on July 21. 1555, wi the yard of the Elecuric Boat division of General Dynamics Corp., a pioneer in Marine construction was hunched, the submarine Seamoil, the Nation's history. I include as extension of my remarks the speeches made on that pointion, and data concerning the Seawold and the christening ceremony: ADDRESS BY JOINS JAY HOPKING, ORACEMAN AND PRESIDENT, ORDERAL DYNAMICS CORP.

And Filesberr, Corward, Dynamics Coop-hirs, Oole Secreticry Thomas, Commissioner Stratts, Mr. McCube, distinguished guess, indice and guesiamen, we are delighted to welcome you to the Electric Boat Division of Conecal Dynamics Corp., and to the inunch-ing of the United Electra Navy's second nu-onal-powered ressel. the submarine Ses-

It is our pleasure, on this happy occasion to great many of you not only as konored guests in your own tight, but as bonorable representatives of the Government of the Dalted States, and of our friendly allies, the peoples of Canada, Golombia, France, Italy u, and Japan.

peoples of Califics, Controlles, Statute, Italy Pern, and Japan. It is our privilege to extend greetings of shill deeper techng to those of you who us your calvacity of leadership represent here bridge the United States Navy, the United States Atomic Energy Commission, the Cer-eral Electric Ca, and all Bose hundreds of other American consultations whose people have poured their minds and hearts and hopes into Mris great and revolutionary stip. Whe atomic Second, as you may know, will not be the the United Take particular pleasare therefore in adulting cur very special glassic Capt Henry M. Jensen com-mations down of the Arm Search, commis-sioned 42 years aco, Capt R. & Lynch and Roar Adm. Rows L. Gross two of the com-mandur, shows of the second Search dur-ing World War II: and Comdr. Menand ing World Wat II: and Comdr. Method Zanimi, the prospective commanding officer of the third, the stomle, Seawork,

Thus, the scaled of today is bound to her predobasics by firtsible filaments of Navy tradition and achievement. But, like her sister ship, the fathous atomic-powerd Nautilus, the first vessel in world history to be proposed by the energy of atoms, she doctiments energy not on paper but in steel, that passionate beint in progress and im-provenient which is the wellspring of our national strength.

J an confident that vessels of transrow, the products of the minds and hands or actentists and engineers and craftamen pet cutoffs and provered merhaps by engines utiinfing processes of controlled storaic finiton, will have average attributes of strength and speed and dimension to swarf sver this